DEC 02 2013

C. Carlton

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA **COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE**

PAT AZARNOFF, an individual; KAREN PALS, an individual; JULIE FONSECA, an individual,

Plaintiffs,

VS.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

FIRE MEMORIES INC., a California Corporation; DEBBIE FRANKLIN, an individual; and DOES 1 through 40, inclusive.

Defendants.

Case No. RIC1308649

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR:

- WRONGFUL DEATH DUE TO **NEGLIGENCE**
- 2. NEGLIGENCE
- **NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF** 3. EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiffs PAT AZARNOFF, an individual; KAREN PALS, an individual; JULIE FONSECA, an individual, (collectively referred to as "Plaintiffs") hereby bring their Complaint alleging against defendants FIRE MEMORIES INC., a California Corporation; and Does 1 through 40 inclusive (collectively referred to as "Defendants"), as follows:

This is a wrongful death action that occurred when Dr. Roy Arzanoff (then 80 years old) was struck by an oncoming car while he was crossing a four lane street with his wife, in order to retrieve his car following a birthday celebration that took place at the Fire Memories Museum on West Wilson Street, in the city of Banning, California.

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

19

20

21

22 23

24

25

26

27 28

14

18

19

17

20 21

22

23 24

26

25

27 28

- It was Defendants' negligence that placed Dr. Arzanoff and his wife in such a 1. dangerous situation. Defendants breached their duty to exercise reasonable care by failing to provide adequate parking, as required under the applicable standard of care. Indeed, the event at the Fire Memories Museum was required to have a Temporary Use Permit from the City of Banning, which required the holder of the event provide "arrangements for temporary parking facilities, including vehicular ingress and egress."
- Defendants failed to provide parking for their 100 invited guests, and had prior 2. knowledge that the only alternative parking was across a 4 lane street with no reasonable passage near the Fire Memories Museum. Indeed, this was a 70th birthday celebration that was being attended by elderly guests - including the 80 year old Dr. Arzanoff and his wife.
- If Defendants had fulfilled their obligations to provide adequate parking for the 3. birthday celebration, Dr. Arzanoff would be alive today.

THE PARTIES

- At all times herein mentioned prior to his death, Decedent Roy Azarnoff was an 4. individual residing in the County of Riverside, State of California. The Decedent Roy Azarnoff is survived by his spouse, Pat Azarnoff, and children Karen Pals and Julie Fonseca.
- At all times herein mentioned, Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff was an individual residing in 5. the County of Riverside, State of California, and is the spouse of the Decedent Roy Azarnoff.
- At all times herein mentioned, Plaintiff Karen Pals was an individual residing in 6. the County of Los Angeles, State of California, and is the biological daughter of the Decedent Roy Azarnoff.
- At all times herein mentioned, Plaintiff Julie Fonseca was an individual residing 7. in the County of Washington, State of Utah, and is the biological daughter of the Decedent Roy Azarnoff.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant Fire 8. Memories Inc. is, and at all relevant times was, a California Corporation qualified to do business and conducting business in the State of California, County of Riverside.

9. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant Debbie Franklin is, and at all relevant times, was an individual residing in the County of Riverside, State of California.

- 10. Defendants DOES 1 through 40, inclusive, whether individuals, corporations, associations or otherwise, are fictitious names of defendants whose true names and capacities are unknown to Plaintiffs at this time. Each fictitiously named defendant, whether acting for itself or as an agent, corporation, association, or otherwise, is in some way liable or responsible to Plaintiffs based on the facts and proximately caused injuries and damages as alleged herein. At such time as the DOE defendants' true names and capacities become known, Plaintiffs will ask leave of Court to amend the Complaint to insert the DOE defendants' true names and capacities.
- 11. At all times relevant herein, Defendants and DOES 1 through 40, inclusive, were the agents, employees, supervisors, servants and joint venturers of each other, and in doing the things hereafter alleged, were acting within the course, scope and authority of such agency, employment and joint venture and with the consent and permission of each of the other Defendants and DOES 1 through 40. All actions of each defendant alleged in the causes of action into which this paragraph is incorporated by reference were ratified and approved by the officers or managing agents of every other defendant and DOES 1 through 40.
- 12. All allegations in this complaint are based on information and belief and/or are likely to have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for further investigation or discovery. Whenever allegations in this complaint are contrary or inconsistent, such allegations shall be deemed alternative.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

13. This Court has jurisdiction over the entire action by virtue of the fact that this is a civil action wherein the matter in controversy, exclusive of interest and costs, exceeds the jurisdictional minimum of the Court. Defendants, and each of them, on information and belief, and at all relevant times, reside and/or were qualified to do business and conducting business in the State of California, County of Riverside.

- 14. The acts and omissions complained of in this action took place, in whole or in part, in the State of California, County of Riverside. The injuries suffered by Plaintiffs were suffered in the State of California, County of Riverside.
- 15. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 395 because the events giving rise to the cause of action alleged herein occurred in the State of California, County of Riverside, where Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendants, and each of them reside and/or conduct business.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 16. On or about August 25, 2012, Decedent Roy Azarnoff and his wife, Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff, were invited to attend a celebration with food and entertainment hosted by Defendant Debbie Franklin, to celebrate the 70th birthday of her husband, Roy Franklin.
- 17. The celebration was at the Fire Memories Museum located at 5261 West Wilson St., Banning, California 92220 (hereafter "PREMISES") with approximately 100 other invited guests that was called for 7 p.m.
- 18. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereupon allege that Defendant Debbie Franklin and Defendant Fire Memories Museum entered into a binding contract for the event.
- 19. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereupon allege that pursuant to Banning Municipal Code Section 17.108.040, Defendants were required to apply for a Temporary Use Permit from the City of Banning for the celebration at the PREMISES. (Attached as Exhibit 1).
- 20. Further, Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereupon allege that Defendant Fire Memories Museum was also required to apply and obtain a Temporary Use Permit from the City of Banning by the terms of its lease agreement with the City of Banning for the celebration at the PREMISES.
- 21. For an event such as the 70th birthday celebration at the Fire Memories Museum, the City of Banning requires under Municipal Code Section 17.108.040 that Defendants provide, among other things, "arrangements for temporary parking facilities, including vehicular ingress and egress." Defendants breached their obligations by failing to make arrangements for

27¹

temporary parking facilities for the 100 expected guests – a large number of who were expected to be elderly.

- 22. Further, Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereupon allege that approval by the City of Banning for a Temporary Use Permit was based on a required submittal by Defendants of location(s) of informational and safety signage at the PREMISES for the celebration.
- 23. Plaintiff are informed and believe, and thereupon allege that Defendants failed to apply for and receive a Temporary Use Permit from the City of Banning, and failed to make "arrangements for temporary parking facilities, including vehicular ingress and egress."
- 24. When Decedent Roy Azarnoff and his wife, Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff arrived at the celebration at approximately 7:15 p.m. the eight (8) parking spots located on the PREMISES were full as well as the parking spaces located in the church parking lot next to the PREMISES. There were vehicles also parked along both the north and south side of Wilson Street as far as the eye could see.
- 25. No signage of available additional parking or pertaining to safety, if any, were provided or visible for Decedent Roy Azarnoff and his wife, Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff.
- 26. Plaintiffs contend they eventually saw a parking spot just across Wilson Street from the PREMISES where they parked their vehicle.
- 27. Plaintiffs allege that Wilson Street, in this area of Banning, comprises of two travel lanes for both east and westbound traffic that merge to one lane immediately west of the subject PREMISES.
- At the time of this incident, Decedent Roy Azarnoff was 81 years old and his wife was 79 years old. Given their age, and Mrs. Azarnoff's pre-existing medical condition, Decedent Roy Azarnoff and Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff carefully and cautiously preceded arm-in-arm at a slow pace across the four lanes of travel in order to gain access to the PREMISES where the celebration was being held due to the fact that there was inadequate parking for this event. Defendants failed to exercise any reasonable care over the preparation, planning, management, maintenance, possession, operation, and/or control of the PREMISES thereby exposing patrons,

including Plaintiffs, going to and from the PREMISES for the celebration to an unreasonable foreseeable risk of injury and grave harm, as was the case in this instance.

- 29. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereupon allege that the PREMISES is located in an area of Banning, California that has a significant elderly population, many of which who were attending the 70 year old birthday celebration, hosted by Defendant Debbie Franklin, being held at the PREMISES on the date of this incident.
- 30. Decedent Roy Azarnoff and Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff decided to leave the celebration at approximately 9 p.m. After saying their goodbyes, they preceded out the front door of the PREMISES and headed towards their vehicle. By this time, the area was dark with limited lighting.
- Despite the number of guests, the age of the guests, and the type of celebration being held, Defendants failed to implement any procedures and/or steps to secure safe passage of its guests from reasonably foreseeable harm where they were elderly, and required to walk at night across 4 lanes of travel in order access their vehicles due to acts and/or omissions of unreasonable management, maintenance, possession, operation, and/or control over the PREMISES by Defendants.
- 32. Decedent Roy Azarnoff and Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff, cognizant of their age and speed of movement, waited curbside in front of the PREMISES for a long period of time in order to make sure traffic was clear for them to cross, including, but not limited to, watch for approaching headlight traffic, and listening for the sounds of approaching vehicles given there was no other means of access from the PREMISES back to their vehicle as the nearest crosswalk was at least three-quarters of a mile away from the PREMISES.
- 33. After carefully and cautiously considering the traffic conditions, the same careful practice they had employed when arriving at the celebration and made their way to the PREMISES, Decedent Roy Azarnoff and Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff walked arm-in-arm into the number 2 westbound lane where the arrow within the number 2 lane pointed drivers heading westbound to merge into the number 1 westbound lane.
 - 34. As they continued to proceed across the four travel lanes of Wilson Street in the

absence of an effort on behalf of Defendants to control, management, and/or maintain safe access to and from its property through the exercise of due care, Decedent Roy Azarnoff and Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff were struck by an oncoming vehicle. Decedent Roy Azarnoff was thrown violently, suffering fatal injuries witnessed by his wife of over sixty years.

- 35. In addition, as a direct and proximate result of this incident, Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff suffered serious injuries, including but not limited to head trauma, loss of consciousness, concussion, a contusion to her forehead, elbow abrasion, right knee trauma, lower torso trauma, road burns, bruising on the right leg, and bruising of the arms, right toes and torso.
- 36. As this incident began within the PREMISES, Defendants had the power to have taken measures on the PREMISES, which would have prevented Plaintiffs' injuries, including, but not limited to providing, and/or requiring events at the PREMISES to provide guests utilizing the PREMISES for the celebration with adequate means of safe access to and from the celebration especially in light of the number of guests attending the celebration, the age of the guests attending the celebration, the proximate of available additional parking, the lighting conditions, and the distances guests would have to walk across Wilson Street in order to go to a from the PREMISES.
- 37. Defendants failed to exercise reasonable due care and take affirmative action for the protection of the guests coming upon and leaving the PREMISES, as required by the applicable standard of care, and failed to make "arrangements for temporary parking facilities, including vehicular ingress and egress" as required by the Municipal Code..
- 38. Further, Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereupon allege that Defendants failed to obtain approval by the City of Banning for a Temporary Use Permit which would have required location(s) of informational and safety signage for the guests attending the celebration at the PREMISES.
- 39. The facts alleged herein, and others, demonstrate the extreme negligence, carelessness, and overall failure to act with reasonable care, that cost Decedent Roy Azarnoff his life and permanently deprived Plaintiffs Pat Azarnoff, Karen Pals, and Julie Fonseca of the love, companionship, affection, solace, society, comfort, protection, guidance, advice, care, assistance,

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

FOR WRONGFUL DEATH DUE TO NEGLIGENCE

(By All Plaintiffs Against all Defendants and DOES 1 through 40)

- 40. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference all preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 41. Defendants, and each of them, had a duty to own, possess, lease, maintain, operate, inspect, supervise, manage and/or control the PREMISES in a reasonable and safe manner.
- 42. Despite the number of guests (a large number of whom were elderly) in attendance at the celebration, Defendants failed to exercise any reasonable care to manage, maintaining, posses, operate, and/or control the PREMISES in a reasonably safe condition thereby exposing patrons going to and from the PREMISES for the celebration to an unreasonable foreseeable risk of injury and grave harm.
- Despite their obligation to provide safe and accessible parking for their guests (a large number of whom were elderly) under the applicable standard of care and the City of Banning Municipal Code, Section 17.108.040, Defendants failed to provide any parking for a large portion of their elderly guests who instead had to find parking across a 4 lane thoroughfare. Defendants also failed to provide adequate signage for their guests.
- dangerous condition to the general public, and specifically Decedent Roy Azarnoff and Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff, who were exposed to a substantial risk of foreseeable injury when forced to cross Wilson Street in order to access their vehicle due to inadequate and insufficient parking available at the PREMISES and a significant distance to any marked crosswalk, despite the number of guests and the relatively elderly composition of the invited guests.
- 46. Defendant had a duty to exercise reasonable care to prevent and/or mitigate the exposure of persons to risks of injury that occur off site based upon acts and/or omissions of

unreasonable and deficient exercise of management, maintenance, possession, operation, and/or control over the PREMISES thereby exposing users, including Plaintiffs, to foreseeable unreasonable risks of substantial harm.

- 47. Further, Defendants failed to provide adequate and/or sufficient lighting at the PREMISES exposing guests, such as Decedent Roy Azarnoff and Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff, to unreasonable risks of foreseeable injury when going to and coming from the PREMISES and having to cross Wilson Street at night. Defendants also failed to provide adequate parking attended control so that elderly guests would not have to cross a four-lane thoroughfare to retrieve their cars.
- 48. Due to Defendants' aforestated failure to exercise reasonable due care in the management, maintenance, possession, operation, and/or control over the condition on its PREMISES, Decedent Roy Azarnoff and Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff were forced to park their vehicle on the south side of Wilson Street, across the street from the PREMISES.
- 49. It was reasonably foreseeable that the acts and/or omissions by Defendants allow for dangerous conditions to exist on the PREMISES and forced guests to park their vehicles on the south side of Wilson Street, across the street from the PREMISES, exposing guests, including Decedent Roy Azarnoff and Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff, to substantial risks of injury when crossing the street at nighttime, which itself had volume of traffic, inadequate lighting, signage, traffic control devices, speed controls, crossings, and obstructions to driver's line of sight.
- by the foreseeable and substantial risk of injury because they had to walk at a slow pace, given their age, across the entire roadway of Wilson Street in order to return to their vehicle and would have difficulty. The Decedent Roy Azarnoff and Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff, among others, were lawfully using the PREMISES, and were at all times unaware of the defective and/or dangerous condition(s) that existed at the PREMISES that resulted in Roy Azarnoff's demise and Plaintiff's injuries.
- 51. Defendant, and each of them, breached their duty in the management, maintenance, possession, operation, and/or control over the condition on its PREMISES, the

27[']

exercise of which could have prevented the foreseeable harm to Plaintiffs through minimal, cost efficient methods, whether by valet service, parking accommodations or any other form of procedure that allowed for safe access to and from the PREMISES.

- 52. Defendants, and each of them, so negligently and carelessly owned, possessed, leased, maintained, operated, inspected, supervised, managed and controlled the PREMISES, as set forth herein, as to cause and/or permit the area to be in a dangerous, defective, unsafe, and/or hazardous condition.
- 53. Defendants, and each of them, whether through acts and/or omission to act, breached their duty to Plaintiffs by their negligent ownership, possession, maintenance, operation, inspection, supervision, management and control over the dangerous, defective, unsafe, and/or hazardous condition that existed at the PREMISES that ultimately resulted in the death of Decedent Roy Azarnoff.
- 54. Defendants, and each of them, knew, or in the exercise of reasonable care should have known, of the dangerous, defective, unsafe, and/or hazardous condition that existed at the PREMISES that resulted in Plaintiffs' injuries and damages.
- As a direct and proximate result of the dangerous condition created by Defendants and the ensuring injuries, Plaintiffs suffered damages, including, but not limited to, the permanent deprivation of the love, companionship, affection, solace, society, comfort, protection, guidance, advice, care, assistance, services, financial contributions, gifts, burial expenses, and moral support of Decedent Roy Azarnoff in an amount according to proof at trial.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

FOR NEGLIGENCE

(By Plaintiff Patt Azarnoff Against All Defendants and DOES 1 through 40)

- 56. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference all preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 57. Defendants, and each of them, had a duty to own, possess, lease, maintain, operate, inspect, supervise, manage and/or control the PREMISES in a reasonable and safe

26¹

manner.

- 58. Defendants, and each of them, had a duty to own, possess, lease, maintain, operate, inspect, supervise, manage and/or control the PREMISES in a reasonable and safe manner.
- 59. Despite the number of guests (a large number of whom were elderly) in attendance at the celebration, Defendants failed to exercise any reasonable care to manage, maintaining, possess, operate, and/or control the PREMISES in a reasonably safe condition thereby exposing patrons going to and from the PREMISES for the celebration to an unreasonable foreseeable risk of injury and grave harm.
- 60. Despite their obligation to provide safe and accessible parking for their guests (a large number of whom were elderly) under the applicable standard of care and the City of Banning Municipal Code, Section 17.108.040, Defendants failed to provide any parking for a large portion of their elderly guests who instead had to find parking across a 4 lane thoroughfare. Defendants also failed to provide adequate signage for their guests.
- dangerous condition to the general public, and specifically Decedent Roy Azarnoff and Plaintiff
 Pat Azarnoff, who were exposed to a substantial risk of foreseeable injury when forced to cross
 Wilson Street in order to access their vehicle due to inadequate and insufficient parking available
 at the PREMISES and a significant distance to any marked crosswalk, despite the number of
 guests and the relatively elderly composition of the invited guests.
- 62. Defendant had a duty to exercise reasonable care to prevent and/or mitigate the exposure of persons to risks of injury that occur off site based upon acts and/or omissions of unreasonable and deficient exercise of management, maintenance, possession, operation, and/or control over the PREMISES thereby exposing users, including Plaintiffs, to foreseeable unreasonable risks of substantial harm.
- 63. Further, Defendants failed to provide adequate and/or sufficient lighting at the PREMISES exposing guests, such as Decedent Roy Azarnoff and Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff, to unreasonable risks of foreseeable injury when going to and coming from the PREMISES and

having to cross Wilson Street at night. Defendants also failed to provide adequate parking attended control so that elderly guests would not have to cross a four-lane thoroughfare to retrieve their cars.

- 64. Due to Defendants' aforestated failure to exercise reasonable due care in the management, maintenance, possession, operation, and/or control over the condition on its PREMISES, Decedent Roy Azarnoff and Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff were forced to park their vehicle on the south side of Wilson Street, across the street from the PREMISES.
- 65. It was reasonably foreseeable that the acts and/or omissions by Defendants allow for dangerous conditions to exist on the PREMISES and forced guests to park their vehicles on the south side of Wilson Street, across the street from the PREMISES, exposing guests, including Decedent Roy Azarnoff and Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff, to substantial risks of injury when crossing the street at nighttime, which itself had volume of traffic, inadequate lighting, signage, traffic control devices, speed controls, crossings, and obstructions to driver's line of sight.
- by the foreseeable and substantial risk of injury because they had to walk at a slow pace, given their age, across the entire roadway of Wilson Street in order to return to their vehicle and would have difficulty. The Decedent Roy Azarnoff and Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff, among others, were lawfully using the PREMISES, and were at all times unaware of the defective and/or dangerous condition(s) that existed at the PREMISES that resulted in Roy Azarnoff's demise and Plaintiff's injuries.
- 67. Defendant, and each of them, breached their duty in the management, maintenance, possession, operation, and/or control over the condition on its PREMISES, the exercise of which could have prevented the foreseeable harm to Plaintiffs through minimal, cost efficient methods, whether by valet service, parking accommodations or any other form of procedure that allowed for safe access to and from the PREMISES.
- 68. Defendants, and each of them, so negligently and carelessly owned, possessed, leased, maintained, operated, inspected, supervised, managed and controlled the PREMISES, as set forth herein, as to cause and/or permit the area to be in a dangerous, defective, unsafe, and/or

69. Defendants, and each of them, whether through acts and/or omission to act, breached their duty to Plaintiffs by their negligent ownership, possession, maintenance, operation, inspection, supervision, management and control over the dangerous, defective, unsafe, and/or hazardous condition that existed at the PREMISES that ultimately resulted in the death of Decedent Roy Azarnoff.

- 70. Defendants, and each of them, knew, or in the exercise of reasonable care should have known, of the dangerous, defective, unsafe, and/or hazardous condition that existed at the PREMISES that resulted in Plaintiffs' injuries and damages.
- As a direct and proximate result of the dangerous condition created by Defendants and the ensuring injuries, Plaintiffs suffered damages, including, but not limited to, the permanent deprivation of the love, companionship, affection, solace, society, comfort, protection, guidance, advice, care, assistance, services, financial contributions, gifts, burial expenses, and moral support of Decedent Roy Azarnoff in an amount according to proof at trial.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

FOR NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

(By Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff Against All Defendants and DOES 1 through 40)

- 72. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference all preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 73. Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff, in addition to suffering her own physical injuries, was present at the scene of the injury when it occurred and was aware that Decedent Roy Azarnoff, her husband of over 60 years, was severely injured, which injuries ultimately resulted in his death.
- 74. Plaintiff Pat Azarnoff suffered serious emotional distress watching her husband endure significant and substantial injury that resulted in his death.
- 75. The conduct of Defendants, and each of them, was a substantial factor in causing and/or contributing to Plaintiff's serious emotional distress, suffering, anguish, fright, horror,

1	nervousnes	s, grief, anxiety, worry, shock, humiliation, and shame in an amount according to
2	proof at tri	al.
3		
4		PRAYER FOR RELIEF
5	W	HEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for judgment against Defendants, and each of them, as
6	follows:	
7	<u>F</u>]	RST CAUSE OF ACTION
8	1.	For general damages in an amount according to proof;
9	2.	For special damages in an amount according to proof;
10	3.	For legal interest on judgment from the filing of this Complaint to the date of
11	judgment;	
12	4.	For post-judgment interest at the legal rate;
13	5.	For costs of suit incurred herein; and
14	6.	For any other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.
15	<u>s</u> :	ECOND CAUSE OF ACTION
16	1.	For general damages in an amount according to proof;
17	2.	For special damages in an amount according to proof;
18	3.	For legal interest on judgment from the filing of this Complaint to the date of
19	judgment	
20	4.	For post-judgment interest at the legal rate;
21	5.	For costs of suit incurred herein; and
22	6.	For any other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.
23	<u> </u>	THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION
24	1.	For general damages in an amount according to proof;
25	2.	For legal interest on judgment from the filing of this Complaint to the date of
26	judgment	• •
27	3.	For post-judgment interest at the legal rate;
28	4.	For costs of suit incurred herein; and
		14

COMPLAINT

1	5. For any other and furth	her relief a	s the Court deems just and proper.
2			
3	DATED: December 2, 2013		KABATECK BROWN KELLNER LLP
4		By:	Dries S. Kabatask For
5			Brian S. Kabateck, Esq. Douglas A. Rochen, Esq.
6			Benjamin S. Hakimfar, Esq. Attorneys for Plaintiffs
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
27			
28			
			15
			COMPLAINT

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiffs demand a trial by jury for themselves on all claims so triable.

DATED: December 2, 2013

KABATECK BROWN KELLNER LLP

By:

Brian S. Kabateck, Esq. Douglas A. Rochen, Esq. Benjamin S. Hakimfar, Esq. Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Ques Hat



COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT
DEPARTMENT

CITY OF BANNING

99 E. Ramsey Street, P.O. Box 998 Banning, California 92220 (951) 922-3125

TEMPORARY USE PERMIT SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

Fee: (no fee)

All information is to be submitted in a neat and legible format and <u>all drawings must be drawn</u> by a professional architect, engineer, draftsperson, or other qualified person using a standard architectural or engineering scale. All plans shall be individually folded prior to submittal.

In the event errors or omissions are discovered by Planning Division staff, the application will be returned to the applicant for revision and the application will be deemed incomplete. Applications that include temporary structures shall be submitted at least 45 days in advance of the planned event. All other applications shall be submitted at least 30 days in advance of the event.

Please note: If your special event will take place in a city park, or other city facility, or it affects a public street, please contact the Community Services Department at (951) 922-3240 or visit their public counter located at 769 N. San Gorgonio Avenue regarding your special event application. Please be advised that events that are held in a city park, or other city facility, or affecting a public street are subject to additional restrictions and guidelines specific to each park or facility. Please contact the Community Services Department for more information about a specific location.

Purpose:

The Temporary Use Permit allows for short-term activities which may be appropriate when regulated. For most Temporary Use Permits, the fixed period shall not exceed 90 days (BMC 17.108.040).

Submittal requirements:

- 1. One set of a site plan drawings drawn on paper no larger than 11" x 17".
- 2. One set of a floor plan drawings (when applicable) drawn on paper no larger than 11" x 17".
- 3. Location map showing general location of site in relation to Interstate 10.
- 4. Completed application attached.
- 5. Events taking place on City owned property or in the public right-of-way (city streets) require a minimum of \$1,000,000 **General Liability Insurance** policy naming the City as additional insured by policy endorsement. Additional amounts may be required for events with higher risk. The insurance company issuing the policy must be rated "A" or "B+" by Best's Key Rating Guide. The Carrier is required to provide notice of cancellation or reduction of coverage to the City. Special event insurance coverage is also available through the City's insurance carrier. Contact the City's Risk Manager for specific requirements. For information you may call (951) 922-3155.
- 6. One (1) copy of radius map showing all properties within 300 feet of the site (if required; consult with a planner in advance of application submittal).
- 7. One (1) list of property owners within 300 feet of site including two sets of mailing labels (if required; consult with a planner in advance of application submittal).

Informa	tion	to be	Incl	uded:

Arrangements for temporary parking facilities, including vehicular ingress and egress.
Location of temporary structures and facilities including height, size, and relation to other structures (see site plan preparation checklist for more information; please include dimensions).
Location of sanitary facilities and medical aid facilities, if required.
Location of solid waste handling facilities.
Location of informational and safety signage.

The Planning Division will be unable to begin processing your Temporary Use permit application unless/until all of the information requested in this application form is completed and submitted with the required processing fees. Incomplete applications will be returned to the applicant and processing will not commence until all of the required information is provided. Your signing and dating the application acknowledges your understanding of the application requirements and that submitting an incomplete application will cause delays in processing. If you have any questions, please contact the Planning Department at (951) 922-3125.



CITY OF BANNING

Community Development Department 99 East Ramsey Street Banning, CA 92220 (951)922-3125

TEMPORARY USE PERMIT Part 1 Application

		(Please type, or print clearly using	ig ink)		
GENERAL INFO	RMATION	7			
Activity Location:			Staff Use Or File No:	ily	
Assessor's Parcel No(s):				Related Files	
Legal Description(attach e	xhibits if necessary):				
Applicant's Name (if a corp	ooration, please provi	de copies of articles of incorporation	0):		
Address, City, Zip:				<u> </u>	
Phone:		Fax:	E-mail addre	ess:	
pe of Temporary Use Po	ermit Requested (Pl	ease check applicable boxes):			
☐ Contractor's Construc ☐ Temporary Residence ☐ Commercial/Cargo S ☐ Outdoor Display-Vac	ction Yard e torage Container	☐ Christmas Tree-Other Sale	Christmas Tree-Other Sales Lot		
(Provide a detailed desc	ripuon oi proposea	activities; attach additional sheet			
DATE(S)/TIMES	OF TEMPOR	ARY USE:			
misleading informatio	y of perjury that t on shall be ground	he information submitted by is for denial of the TUP; and, of approval placed upon this u f authorization from each p	we agree to comply use (If the undersian	ed is different from the le	
Date:	Signature:				
Print Name and Title:					
Date Received	Time Received	Fees Received	Receipt No.	Received By	



Proud History Prosperous Tomorrow

CITY OF BANNING

Community Development Department 99 East Ramsey Street Banning, CA 92220 (951)922-3125

TEMPORARY USE **PERMIT**

Part 2 Event Information

Activity Location:	Staff Use Only File No:	
General Plan Land Use Designation:	Environmental Determination Reference:	n:
Zoning District:	Planner Initials:	Date:
		igra in Fi
ACTIVITY AREA:	Acres	Square feet
Gross (including area to centerline of abutting streets)		
Net (exclude street rights-of-way)		
ESTIMATE OF ACTIVITY:	Week Day	Week End
Estimate of average daily attendance (number of persons)		
Estimate of total average daily traffic (number of cars) to and from site		
Estimate of average number of parking spaces required		
Number of private security personnel to be provided by applicant		
Number of toilets/sanitary facilities to be provided by applicant		
Number of waste collection receptacles		
Hours of Operation		
TENTS and MEMBRANE STRUCTURES: (A separate Building and Fire permit may be required)	Type	Floor Area SF
PARKING LOCATIONS PROVIDED:		Number of Spaces
Total number of parking spaces provided all locations:		
FOOD, BEVERAGE, and SOUND:		
Will food be served? (a Riverside County Health Department perm	nit is required)	☐ Yes ☐ No
Will alcohol be served? (an Alcohol Beverage Control (ABC) perm		☐ Yes ☐ N
Will vendors be at the event? (a City business license is required,		☐ Yes ☐ N
Will there be amplified sound or music? (see Chapter 8.44 "Noise	" of the BMC)	☐ Yes ☐ N



CITY OF BANNING

Community Development Department 99 East Ramsey Street Banning, CA 92220 (951)922-3125

TEMPORARY USE PERMIT PART 3 Contact Information

Activity:		Activity Dates:		
The following information mu	ust be complete		d with all applications.	
Applicant's Contact Person:				
Address, City, Zip:				
Phone:	Fax:		E-mail Address:	
Additional Contact Person:				
Address, City, Zip:				
Phone:	Fax:		E-mail Address:	
Emergency Contact (after hours):				
Address, City, Zip:		<u></u> .		
Phone:	Fax:		E-mail Address:	
Sanitary Facility Provider:	1	Contact Person:		
Address, City, Zip:		<u> </u>		
Phone:	Fax:		E-mail Address:	
Private Security Provider:		Contact Person:		
Address, City, Zip:				
Phone:	Fax:		E-mail Address:	
Site Manager/Supervisor (during I operation):	hours of	Contact Person:	1	
Address, City, Zip:				
Phone:	Fax:		E-mail Address:	



List Attachments:

CITY OF BANNING

Community Development Department 99 East Ramsey Street Banning, CA 92220 (951)922-3125

TEMPORARY USE PERMIT PART 4 Conditions of Approval

Activity:			Activity Dates:		
STANDARD (CONDTIONS OF	APPROVAL:			
Solid waste h	andling services r	required.			
	ity's solid waste har		Karen Blauvelt 800 S. Temescal S Corona, CA 92879 Tel. (951) 280-5493	treet 3; and, Fax. (951) 81	7-2402
Dates and H	ours of operation	are restricted to t	he following:		
Provisions f	or sanitary waste	facilities required		-	
	or private security				
	e/Surety bond requ		nt of: \$		
TEMPORAR	Y USE PERMIT	APPROVAL:			-
Reviewed Police:	Reviewed Fire:	Reviewed Public Works:	Reviewed Risk Management:	Reviewed Building & Safety:	Reviewed Community Services:
Date:	Signature:				
		Community D	evelopment Direc	ctor, City of Bann	ing

Letter of Authorization

APPLICATIONS FOR ZONING/LAND USE ENTITLEMENTS

TO:	Community Development Department City of Banning		
	P.O. Box 998		
	Banning, CA 92220		
RE:	Property Address:		
	Assessor's Parcel Number(s):		
	I/We, the owner(s) of the above described		
	, loc	cated atated at agent on my/our behalf for the p	-
best	nning immediately should this authorization The undersigned hereby certifies to being to be my/our knowledge the information contain	the fee owner(s) of the property describe	d herein; that to the correct.
Date .		(Signature)	
		(Print name)	
State	of)		
	ss.		
On	before me,		_ personally appeared
		(Name and title of officer)	
whose capaci	name(s) is/are subscribed to the within instrument and ackr ty(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument nent	Who proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evenowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same the person(s), or the entity upon behalf of which the per	in his/her/ their authorized
	y under PENALTY OF PERJURY under the laws of the State	of California that the foregoing paragraph is true and o	correct.
WITNE	ESS my hand and official seal.		
Signat	ure		
		(Notary seal)	

1 ||

2

4

3

5

7

9

10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

PROOF OF SERVICE Azarnoff, et al. vs. Fire Memories, Inc.

Case No.: RIC1308649

I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. My business address is 644 S. Figueroa Street, Los Angeles, California 90017-

On December 2, 2013, I served the foregoing document described as:

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

on the interested parties in the action by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as follows:

SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST

- BY OVERNIGHT MAIL I delivered the above document to an OVERNITE EXPRESS drop box for pick up by OVER NITE EXPRESS for overnight delivery to the following addressees:
- ____ BY E-MAIL, I transmitted a true copy of said document(s) by e-mail, and no error was reported.
- MAIL I am familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with U.S. postal service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepared at Los Angeles, California in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.
 - BY FAX I transmitted a true copy of said document(s) by facsimile machine, and no error was reported. Said fax transmission(s) were directed as indicated on the service list.
 - ___ BY PERSONAL SERVICE: I caused such envelope(s) to be delivered by hand to the above addressee(s).
 - X [STATE] I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.

Executed on December 2, 2013, at Los Angeles, California.

MAISHA MCCRAY

PROOF OF SERVICE Parker, et al. vs. Lubin, et al.

Case No.: TC026969

PROOF OF SERVICE LIST

Gina Bazaz, SBN 195313 (gbazaz@murchisonlaw.com) Nanette G. Reed, SBN 243552 (nreed@murchisonlaw.com) Murchison & Cumming, LLP 801 S Grand Ave 9th Fl Los Angeles, CA 90017 Telephone: (213) 623-7400

Telephone: (213) 623-7400 Facsimile: (213) 623-6336

Attorneys for Defendant,

FIRE MEMORIES, INC.